

#### a new initiative of ObjectWeb consortium's Java Middleware Open Benchmarking project

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### JMOB project overview Lessons learned with RUBiS

- Requirements for a load injection and performance measurement framework
- CLIF: design and current status
- Conclusion

### ObjectWeb and the Java Middleware Open Benchmarking (JMOB) project





#### ObjectWeb

- Consortium fostering the development of open source middleware
- > a « European Apache » with a W3C organization

#### **→**ЈМОВ

- >middleware benchmarks
- > open source implementations
- > online experimental results
- Place to exchange benchmarking experiences and software



#### **JMOB current projects**

#### Stock-Online

- stock market simulation
- J2EE benchmark
- reports from CSIRO (Australia)

#### 🔶 RUBiS

- Commerce web site modeled after eBay.com
- PHP, Servlets, 7 EJB implementations available
- ongoing JDO and .Net implementations
- > Oopsla'02 paper

#### 🔶 RUBBoS

- site modeled after slashdot.org
- PHP and Servlets
- Middleware'03 paper



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## Auction site modeled after eBay 26 interactions Browsing mix: read-only mix Bidding mix: 15% read-write interactions Database: 1.4 GB

1 million users, ~500000 comments

>500000 items, 330000 active bids



#### Academic side (Oopsla'02)

- Design pattern determines performance
- Reflection limits scalability
- Communication is the main CPU consumer

#### Technical side

- benchmarking is a nightmare
- 6 months of cpu time to obtain the results
- > What is going wrong is the hardest question
- $\geq$  load injection is as complex as the benchmark app.



#### Load injection

- >monitoring necessary not only on SUT (System Under Test)
- one client emulator with a bottleneck resource at any point in time will give unstable results
- >online monitoring is (too?) expensive

#### Resources needed for injection

- $\geq$  up to 5 clients machines to saturate one server
- >how many for a cluster of servers ?
- how to scale ?



#### RUBiS load injection design

- $\geq$  ad-hoc client emulator using a transition state matrix
- distributed Java application
- > monitoring using Linux specific tools (sar)
  - dump into temporary directory
  - post-mortem analysis of monitoring information
- > awk+bash scripts for HTML reports generation



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#### A couple of very good commercial solutions exist:

high level loads, user-friendly, multiple target protocols but:

- license costs are high, protocol-specific and depend on the required load level
- > OS-bound (e.g. running on Windows only)
- how about testing custom protocols? (free extendibility issue)

#### **Other solutions:**

- > more than 400 platforms/projects found on the Web ! (not all alive)
- reduced load levels, target protocols, user-friendliness, supported OS



## **Typical technical limitations (1)**

#### OS-specific...

> development for optimized injection performance

- Graphical User Interface
- > access to system information about resources usage

>distribution and deployment support

#### Poor injection performance and scalability

- virtual machine execution overhead
- interpretation of scripting languages
- lack or bad tuning of distributed injection support



#### Fixed, single or reduced...

load scenario definition tools/modes

scripting, GUI, XML-based or ad hoc configuration file, probabilistic state transition matrix, coarse-grain load profiles (ramps, peaks...)

target protocols

#### **Untransparent distribution management**

deployment of injectors and test scenarios
collection of test results



## The platform we are dreaming about is...

#### OS-independent

#### versatile:

target protocol independent and extendible

> enables any kind of load profile to be generated

## scalable to generate high load levels user-friendly

For a variety of users

plain users, advanced users, developers...

handling cumbersome tasks

test deployment, results synthesis...

#### ➡cheap



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## **CLIF: yet another benchmarking tool?**

## CLIF aims at providing the platform we are dreaming about:

- based on <u>Java</u> for hardware and OS independence
- <u>distributed</u> to enable high loads, with <u>transparency</u> support (deployment, control, data collection...)
- based on ObjectWeb's <u>Fractal component</u> model to have a neat, open architecture for straightforward adaptability (test scenarios, protocols)

#### <u>open source</u>!



#### The big picture



### ObjectWeb Fractal Component Model



server interface (offered service) - client interface (required service)



## Focus on scenario component

#### Clif server





#### CLIF is a distributed load injection framework in Java, based on Fractal component model

multi-OS, open to any target protocol/system, open to any test scenario definition

#### Next development steps

asynchronous collection, storage and analysis of data
generic scenario tools (scripts, GUI, load profiles...)
library of utilities for a variety of target protocols
resource probe only implemented for Linux
distributed log and user-defined alarm management
state-of-art HTTP test tool (with integration of Rubis)



#### Further design work

- complete archival and exploitation support for full test campaigns
- Scalability for very high loads (e.g. hierarchical organization of servers for test monitoring and control)



## Ioad injection is a complex distributed application

- CLIF is a framework for load injection
- contributions and feedback welcome

### Join us: jmob@objectweb.org

OOPSLA 2003 workshop on middleware benchmarking







- Itanium-2 processors
- 104 nodes (Dual 64 bits 900 MHz processors, 3 GB memory, 72 GB local disk) connected through a Myrinet network
- 208 processors, 312 GB memory, 7.5 TB disk
- Connected to the GRID network
- Linux OS (RedHat Advanced Server)
- First Linpack experiments at INRIA (Aug. 2003) have reached a 560 GFlop/s performance
- Applications : Grid computing experiments, classical scientific computing, high performance Internet servers, ...

